

Exhibit 17

Election Administration and Voting Survey 2022 Comprehensive Report

A Report from the
U.S. Election Assistance Commission
to the 118th Congress



Overview Table 2: Mail Voting in the 2022 General Election

State	Total Mail Voters (Excluding UOCAVA)	% Turnout by Mail	Total Mail Ballots Transmitted	Total Mail Ballots Returned	% Mail Ballots Returned	Mail Ballots Counted	
						Total	% of Returned
Alabama [1]	32,577	2.3%	28,646	24,676	86.1%	24,286	98.4%
Alaska [2]	38,889	14.6%	50,824	41,453	81.6%	40,887	98.6%
American Samoa [3]	15	0.2%	--	--	--	--	--
Arizona [4]	2,075,970	80.1%	3,272,421	2,099,724	64.2%	2,090,789	99.6%
Arkansas	15,949	1.8%	20,325	16,934	83.3%	15,372	90.8%
California	9,743,427	87.4%	22,491,229	9,986,701	44.4%	9,743,427	97.6%
Colorado	2,406,246	94.7%	3,890,522	2,431,292	62.5%	2,406,246	99.0%
Connecticut [5]	150,284	11.6%	204,840	152,803	74.6%	150,284	98.4%
Delaware [6]	19,027	5.8%	30,725	21,923	71.4%	19,027	86.8%
District of Columbia [7]	130,287	63.3%	506,456	132,829	26.2%	130,287	98.1%
Florida	2,759,432	35.4%	4,383,461	2,754,324	62.8%	2,732,621	99.2%
Georgia	248,487	6.3%	280,897	252,272	89.8%	248,487	98.5%
Guam	163	0.5%	327	191	58.4%	163	85.3%
Hawaii	402,243	95.0%	733,360	408,612	55.7%	402,233	98.4%
Idaho [8]	128,723	21.6%	144,960	128,658	88.8%	128,723	100.1%
Illinois	568,728	13.6%	1,302,195	1,013,842	77.9%	583,371	57.5%
Indiana [9]	154,882	8.2%	158,998	157,542	99.1%	154,882	98.3%
Iowa [10]	368,907	30.0%	379,302	369,801	97.5%	368,907	99.8%
Kansas	131,633	13.2%	152,208	130,720	85.9%	126,002	96.4%
Kentucky	72,663	4.8%	83,454	75,120	90.0%	72,663	96.7%
Louisiana [11]	102,618	7.3%	164,156	105,332	64.2%	102,632	97.4%
Maine	171,940	25.3%	181,719	172,990	95.2%	171,940	99.4%
Maryland	536,285	26.4%	647,747	538,558	83.1%	536,285	99.6%
Massachusetts [12]	922,559	36.7%	1,114,849	933,946	83.8%	922,559	98.8%
Michigan	1,656,814	36.8%	1,800,770	1,680,955	93.3%	1,656,814	98.6%
Minnesota	339,396	13.4%	450,413	346,772	77.0%	339,396	97.9%
Mississippi [13]	--	--	11,722	--	--	--	--
Missouri	278,539	12.1%	290,428	281,555	96.9%	278,539	98.9%
Montana [14]	--	--	505,618	377,108	74.6%	374,911	99.4%
Nebraska [15]	242,009	35.4%	269,285	243,042	90.3%	242,009	99.6%
Nevada	518,398	50.7%	1,873,813	528,753	28.2%	518,398	98.0%
New Hampshire [16]	56,971	9.1%	60,535	58,131	96.0%	56,971	98.0%
New Jersey	581,955	21.9%	947,150	588,258	62.1%	581,955	98.9%
New Mexico	97,746	13.8%	110,577	98,458	89.0%	97,746	99.3%
New York [17]	382,926	6.5%	536,171	392,942	73.3%	382,926	97.5%
North Carolina	179,280	4.7%	248,794	183,243	73.7%	179,280	97.8%
North Dakota	69,399	28.6%	76,019	69,697	91.7%	69,399	99.6%
Northern Mariana Islands [18]	--	--	2,046	--	--	--	--



State	Total Mail Voters (Excluding UOCAVA)	% Turnout by Mail	Total Mail Ballots Transmitted	Total Mail Ballots Returned	% Mail Ballots Returned	Mail Ballots Counted	
						Total	% of Returned
Ohio	911,517	21.7%	996,093	914,127	91.8%	911,517	99.7%
Oklahoma	68,697	6.0%	92,576	69,956	75.6%	68,697	98.2%
Oregon [19]	1,961,760	99.6%	2,969,563	1,990,727	67.0%	1,968,717	98.9%
Pennsylvania	1,234,943	22.8%	1,433,665	1,258,336	87.8%	1,234,943	98.1%
Rhode Island [20]	33,556	9.3%	34,361	33,850	98.5%	33,556	99.1%
South Carolina	54,911	3.2%	61,033	56,605	92.7%	54,787	96.8%
South Dakota	97,472	27.5%	99,905	97,820	97.9%	97,472	99.6%
Tennessee	44,097	2.5%	48,683	44,817	92.1%	44,097	98.4%
Texas	356,987	4.4%	444,150	369,562	83.2%	356,987	96.6%
U.S. Virgin Islands [21]	532	2.4%	532	463	87.0%	532	114.9%
Utah	970,274	90.3%	1,703,702	1,004,614	59.0%	997,442	99.3%
Vermont	193,618	67.6%	422,603	193,830	45.9%	193,583	99.9%
Virginia	289,428	9.4%	360,659	292,077	81.0%	289,428	99.1%
Washington [22]	3,037,023	99.0%	4,850,083	3,077,400	63.5%	3,040,297	98.8%
West Virginia [23]	12,301	2.5%	12,598	10,541	83.7%	10,818	102.6%
Wisconsin [24]	425,970	15.9%	478,260	431,232	90.2%	427,246	99.1%
Wyoming	38,164	19.1%	44,711	38,336	85.7%	38,164	99.6%
U.S. Total	35,316,617	31.9%	61,460,139	36,683,450	59.7%	35,718,700	97.4%



State	Mail Ballots Rejected		Total Drop Boxes	Ballots Returned by Drop Box		Mail Ballots Cured	
	Total	% of Returned		Total	% of Returned	Total	% of Returned
Alabama [1]	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Alaska [2]	566	1.4%	5	--	--	--	--
American Samoa [3]	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Arizona [4]	8,935	0.4%	391	289,431	13.8%	3,323	0.2%
Arkansas	1,144	6.8%	6	457	2.7%	851	5.0%
California	243,274	2.4%	2,035	3,592,536	36.0%	48,597	0.5%
Colorado	25,046	1.0%	411	2,111,353	86.8%	--	--
Connecticut [5]	2,519	1.6%	214	--	--	--	--
Delaware [6]	2,896	13.2%	--	--	--	12	0.1%
District of Columbia [7]	2,542	1.9%	56	74,102	55.8%	982	0.7%
Florida	22,005	0.8%	487	573,013	20.8%	13,556	0.5%
Georgia	3,785	1.5%	--	--	--	--	--
Guam	28	14.7%	--	--	--	--	--
Hawaii	5,078	1.2%	51	133,389	32.6%	521	0.1%
Idaho [8]	1	0.0%	6	--	--	--	--
Illinois	8,818	0.9%	527	104,168	10.3%	4,598	0.5%
Indiana [9]	2,660	1.7%	--	--	--	--	--
Iowa [10]	894	0.2%	--	13,881	3.8%	--	--
Kansas	1,382	1.1%	173	34,217	26.2%	7,398	5.7%
Kentucky	2,457	3.3%	163	24,094	32.1%	--	--
Louisiana [11]	2,700	2.6%	--	--	--	1,309	1.2%
Maine	1,050	0.6%	366	--	--	--	--
Maryland	2,273	0.4%	282	273,484	50.8%	419	0.1%
Massachusetts [12]	11,387	1.2%	500	--	--	--	--
Michigan	24,141	1.4%	1,178	--	--	--	--
Minnesota	7,376	2.1%	37	--	--	--	--
Mississippi [13]	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Missouri	3,016	1.1%	--	--	--	--	--
Montana [14]	2,197	0.6%	--	--	--	--	--
Nebraska [15]	1,033	0.4%	118	152,951	62.9%	702	0.3%
Nevada	10,355	2.0%	511	145,179	27.5%	12,553	2.4%
New Hampshire [16]	1,160	2.0%	--	--	--	--	--
New Jersey	5,901	1.0%	432	235,606	40.1%	3,640	0.6%
New Mexico	712	0.7%	72	9,059	9.2%	1,082	1.1%
New York [17]	7,240	1.8%	--	--	--	3,367	0.9%
North Carolina	3,963	2.2%	--	--	--	573	0.3%
North Dakota	298	0.4%	64	--	--	--	--
Northern Mariana Islands [18]	--	--	--	30	--	--	--
Ohio	2,610	0.3%	102	70,306	7.7%	4,449	0.5%



State	Mail Ballots Rejected		Total Drop Boxes	Ballots Returned by Drop Box		Mail Ballots Cured	
	Total	% of Returned		Total	% of Returned	Total	% of Returned
Oklahoma	1,259	1.8%	--	--	--	--	--
Oregon [19]	28,840	1.4%	318	1,135,725	57.1%	--	--
Pennsylvania	23,393	1.9%	137	--	--	--	--
Rhode Island [20]	294	0.9%	415	12,582	37.2%	--	--
South Carolina	1,818	3.2%	--	--	--	--	--
South Dakota	356	0.4%	0	0	0.0%	--	--
Tennessee	720	1.6%	--	--	--	82	0.2%
Texas	12,575	3.4%	--	--	--	14,889	4.0%
U.S. Virgin Islands [21]	0	0.0%	--	--	--	--	--
Utah	14,859	1.5%	312	571,551	56.9%	6,555	0.7%
Vermont	247	0.1%	--	--	--	320	0.2%
Virginia	2,649	0.9%	2,992	41,142	14.1%	4,339	1.5%
Washington [22]	37,103	1.2%	548	1,871,228	60.8%	35,337	1.1%
West Virginia [23]	109	1.0%	--	--	--	86	0.8%
Wisconsin [24]	3,986	0.9%	--	--	--	--	--
Wyoming	174	0.5%	8	4,169	10.9%	--	--
U.S. Total	549,824	1.5%	12,917	11,473,653	39.7%	169,540	0.7%

Overview Table 2 Calculation Notes:

Total Mail Voters (Excluding UOCAVA) uses the sum of questions F1d and F1g.

% Turnout by Mail uses (F1d+F1g)/F1a x 100.

Total Mail Ballots Transmitted uses question C1a.

Total Mail Ballots Returned uses question C1b.

% Mail Ballots Returned uses C1b/C1a x 100.

Mail Ballots Counted, Total uses question C8a.

Mail Ballots Counted, % of Returned uses C8a/C1b x 100.

Mail Ballots Rejected, Total uses question C9a.

Mail Ballots Rejected, % of Returned uses C9a/C1b x 100.

Total Drop Boxes uses question C3a.

Ballots Returned by Drop Box, Total uses question C6a.

Ballots Returned by Drop Box, % of Returned uses C6a/C1b x 100.

Mail Ballots Cured, Total uses question C7a.

Mail Ballots Cured, % of Returned uses C7a/C1b x 100.

Overview Table 2 Data Notes:

General Notes:

- Casewise deletion at the state level was used in calculating national percentages. The percentage calculations at the national level (U.S. Total) only used data from those states that provided data for the numerator and denominator of the calculation.
- The percentages shown in this table are rounded to one decimal place. Percentages that round to less than 0.1% are displayed as 0.0%.



- Because each percentage was calculated independently, the percentages of mail ballots counted and rejected may not sum to 100% for some states or at the national level.
- The Total Mail Ballots Transmitted column captures the total number of mailed ballots that states reported transmitting, regardless of whether the ballot was returned or not. The number of ballots transmitted typically exceeds the number of ballots returned because some voters who were transmitted a mailed ballot choose to vote by another mode or to not vote at all. Total Mail Ballots Returned typically exceeds Total Mail Voters because some returned mailed ballots are rejected for not meeting state requirements. Mail Ballots Counted may not match Total Mail Voters because states may have different methodologies for calculating these numbers.
- The Total Mail Ballots Returned column includes both counted and rejected ballots that were returned to election offices.

- [1] Alabama has absentee voting by mail. A voter may pick up a ballot in person and return it via mail or receive a ballot in the mail and return it in person. This may cause a discrepancy. Data on absentee in-person voting was not tracked for the 2022 EAVS, which resulted in a discrepancy in the data reported in question F1. The state of Alabama does not track data on the reasons that mail ballots are rejected.
- [2] Alaska does not track data on the number of ballots returned in person to division office ballot boxes. Data reported in Section C of the 2022 EAVS include ballots sent by mail and through electronic transmission (online and fax).
- [3] American Samoa does not mail ballots locally. If a voter is on the island, they either vote in person or at home with the special needs assistance program.
- [4] Several counties in Arizona were unable to separate data according to the categories in question F1 of the 2022 EAVS. See the survey comments for further details.
- [5] Data on mail ballots did not distinguish between ballots returned by mail and returned in person.
- [6] In an October 7, 2022 order, the Delaware Supreme Court ruled that the Delaware statute authorizing vote by mail in the general election violated the Delaware constitution, and therefore, voting by mail and using drop boxes was not permitted for the 2022 general election. Absentee voting (which, per Delaware law, is provided for prescribed reasons) remained available and was not impacted by the Delaware Supreme Court rulings.
- [7] The DCBOE sent a ballot to every registered voter for the November 2022 general election. Since the submission of the 2022 Policy Survey, legislation was passed to permanently make the District of Columbia a vote-by-mail jurisdiction. Voters were also able to deposit mail ballots in drop boxes located in early vote centers and Election Day vote centers. These boxes were also used to deposit provisional ballots.
- [8] Idaho was not able to track data on mail ballots that were cured or the reasons why mail ballots were rejected. One county in Idaho reported counting more mail ballots in C8a than were returned in C1b.
- [9] The data in C9a was obtained from the statewide voter registration system. The data in C9b was pulled from an ad hoc report, and the data in C9c–t was pulled from the CEB-9 Section 2, a county election report compiled after each primary, general, and special election. Counties do not always track the data requested in C9c–C9t.
- [10] In-person ballots cast before Election Day and counted are considered absentee ballots and are reported with mail ballots cast and counted. Data on votes cast and counted is from the actual vote tally on election night, not based on the applied voter credit in the voter registration system.
- [11] Data reported in F1 include voters who were given credit for voting but whose ballots may have been blank or otherwise invalid for acceptance.



- [12] Vote by mail was made available to all voters, and applications to vote by mail were mailed to all voters as a result of legislation in 2022. This led to a dramatic increase in the number of voters who voted by mail in the 2022 general election.
- [13] Because question F1 of EAVS asks about mail-in ballots and not absentee ballots, Mississippi could only provide data on the total number of absentee ballots returned, which includes in-person and mail-in ballots. The information entered into the SEMS does not distinguish between the two.
- [14] Data on ballots cast and counted in items F1b–F1f of the 2022 EAVS is properly marked as “Data not available” despite being included in previous reports. The state office is now aware that the “voter credit” data extract by the voter registration and election management system included in previous reports does not accurately reflect the number of ballots counted at the state canvass. For example, the report fails to account for various situations, such as if an empty absentee voter secrecy envelope is returned without a ballot. Montana’s 2022 submission contains the official canvass number as the most accurate number of total ballots counted. As such, Montana does not have the data available for the remaining categories. The F1a data for the 2022 EAVS uses the vote counts from the Official 2022 General Election State Canvass. Montana does not track data on drop boxes and does not track data on ballots cured in a way that can be easily extracted.
- [15] Nineteen counties in Nebraska conduct all-mail elections in some or all precincts.
- [16] All absentee ballots are handled locally, and any absentee ballots cured are not tracked. In-person absentee voting is permitted in the town or city clerk’s office over the counter.
- [17] Although absentee ballots could be dropped off at polling places and/or Boards of Election, drop boxes as typically defined were not used.
- [18] As of the time of the Northern Mariana Islands’ EAVS submission, the election office was still receiving returned mailed ballots through the office mailbox.
- [19] Oregon is a vote-by-mail state. All ballots, including provisional and Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act (UOCAVA) ballots, are considered mail ballots.
- [20] Rhode Island allows voters to cure mail ballots, but does not collect data on cured ballots.
- [21] In the U.S. Virgin Islands, absentee ballots are classified as walk in or mail in, but are all counted and accepted as regular absentee ballots. The reported number of counted mail ballots includes walk ins.
- [22] Data reported on cured ballots includes ballots cured for non-matching and missing signatures only. Data reported on in-person voters before Election Day consists of county reports of voters who voted in voting centers with AVUs. Ballots cast at AVUs are not tracked separately from mail ballots.
- [23] Two counties in West Virginia reported counting more mail ballots in C8a than were returned in C1b.
- [24] Due to a recent court challenge, the use of drop boxes “is not permitted under Wisconsin law unless the drop box is staffed by the clerk and located at the office of the clerk or a properly designated alternate site under Wis. Stat. § 6.855.” The Wisconsin Supreme Court affirmed the trial court, and the subsequent ambiguity created by the decision means that most drop boxes were either closed or moved into the clerk’s office, and reporting would be unlikely or unnecessary given the added layer of security and placement. (see *Teigen v. WEC*, 403 Wis.2d 607). Wisconsin does not gather data on if or how absentee ballots may have been returned to the clerk with missing data or if this missing data were cured.



UOCAVA Table 3: UOCAVA Ballots Transmitted, Returned, Counted, and Rejected

State	UOCAVA Ballots Transmitted	UOCAVA Ballots Returned	UOCAVA Ballots Counted		UOCAVA Ballots Rejected	
			Total	% of Returned	Total	% of Returned
Alabama	710	494	477	96.6%	10	2.0%
Alaska [1]	5,092	3,914	3,814	97.4%	100	2.6%
American Samoa	25	16	16	100.0%	0	0.0%
Arizona	12,104	6,979	6,913	99.1%	66	0.9%
Arkansas	1,304	473	426	90.1%	35	7.4%
California [2]	132,855	34,054	31,774	93.3%	2,280	6.7%
Colorado	38,736	14,289	13,426	94.0%	863	6.0%
Connecticut	2,580	1,056	1,016	96.2%	40	3.8%
Delaware	1,161	581	539	92.8%	42	7.2%
District of Columbia [3]	730	469	464	98.9%	5	1.1%
Florida	102,010	40,901	38,987	95.3%	1,849	4.5%
Georgia	7,482	5,194	4,913	94.6%	281	5.4%
Guam [4]	134	85	79	92.9%	6	7.1%
Hawaii	816	496	491	99.0%	5	1.0%
Idaho [5]	343	317	316	99.7%	1	0.3%
Illinois	3,370	2,729	2,776	101.7%	18	0.7%
Indiana	2,476	2,033	2,012	99.0%	22	1.1%
Iowa [6]	1,916	1,452	1,401	96.5%	53	3.7%
Kansas	2,054	1,684	1,678	99.6%	6	0.4%
Kentucky	1,390	893	830	92.9%	63	7.1%
Louisiana [7]	1,795	848	764	90.1%	84	9.9%
Maine	2,516	1,739	1,734	99.7%	5	0.3%
Maryland	7,603	4,763	4,551	95.5%	212	4.5%
Massachusetts	5,286	4,229	4,204	99.4%	25	0.6%
Michigan	7,994	5,869	5,727	97.6%	142	2.4%
Minnesota [8]	5,373	3,421	3,105	90.8%	316	9.2%
Mississippi	261	211	211	100.0%	0	0.0%
Missouri	3,615	1,886	1,837	97.4%	49	2.6%
Montana [9]	2,741	1,790	1,768	98.8%	22	1.2%
Nebraska	692	552	538	97.5%	14	2.5%
Nevada	6,188	3,442	3,388	98.4%	54	1.6%
New Hampshire	2,158	1,789	1,668	93.2%	121	6.8%
New Jersey	10,146	2,925	2,849	97.4%	76	2.6%
New Mexico	2,086	1,558	1,558	100.0%	0	0.0%
New York [10]	65,275	22,664	22,391	98.8%	715	3.2%
North Carolina	10,277	8,449	8,390	99.3%	59	0.7%
North Dakota	433	363	343	94.5%	20	5.5%
Northern Mariana Islands [11]	--	--	--	--	--	--
Ohio	7,148	5,323	5,238	98.4%	85	1.6%
Oklahoma	7,035	1,604	1,545	96.3%	59	3.7%
Oregon [12]	16,257	6,962	6,830	98.1%	132	1.9%



State	UOCAVA Ballots Transmitted	UOCAVA Ballots Returned	UOCAVA Ballots Counted		UOCAVA Ballots Rejected	
			Total	% of Returned	Total	% of Returned
Pennsylvania	11,593	8,416	8,069	95.9%	347	4.1%
Rhode Island [13]	630	--	--	--	--	--
South Carolina [14]	2,356	1,991	1,983	99.6%	8	0.4%
South Dakota	985	757	718	94.8%	39	5.2%
Tennessee	2,912	2,074	1,935	93.3%	139	6.7%
Texas	21,644	13,867	13,228	95.4%	654	4.7%
U.S. Virgin Islands	10	0	0	--	0	--
Utah	4,495	2,064	2,043	99.0%	284	13.8%
Vermont	935	543	534	98.3%	19	3.5%
Virginia	11,491	6,968	6,755	96.9%	57	0.8%
Washington	108,585	27,125	26,579	98.0%	546	2.0%
West Virginia [15]	434	287	431	150.2%	6	2.1%
Wisconsin	6,003	4,444	4,048	91.1%	396	8.9%
Wyoming [16]	546	371	347	93.5%	26	7.0%
U.S. Total	654,786	267,403	257,657	96.4%	10,456	3.9%

UOCAVA Table 3 Calculation Notes:

- UOCAVA Ballots Transmitted uses question B5a.
- UOCAVA Ballots Returned uses question B9a.
- UOCAVA Ballots Counted, Total uses question B14a.
- UOCAVA Ballots Counted, % of Returned uses B14a/B9a x 100.
- UOCAVA Ballots Rejected, Total uses question B18a.
- UOCAVA Ballots Rejected, % of Returned uses B18a/B9a x 100.

UOCAVA Table 3 Data Notes:

General Notes:

- Casewise deletion at the state level was used in calculating national percentages. The percentage calculations at the national level (U.S. Total) only used data from those states that provided data for the numerator and denominator of the calculation.
- The percentages shown in this table are rounded to one decimal place. Percentages that round to less than 0.1% are displayed as 0.0%.

- [1] Alaska does not track data on the method by which UOCAVA ballots are returned. All ballots sent to voters by mail can only be returned by mail, and all electronic transmission (online or fax) ballots sent to voters may either be returned by mail or by fax. The largest number of election transmission (online or fax) ballots sent to voters are returned by mail.
- [2] Some California counties accept UOCAVA ballots by fax.
- [3] For the 2022 general election, the District of Columbia Board of Elections (DCBOE) transmitted ballots only to active UOCAVA voters.
- [4] Guam law allows UOCAVA ballots to be transmitted to voters via email; however, these ballots must be returned via air mail.
- [5] Idaho was not able to track data on rejected UOCAVA ballots and FWABs.
- [6] Data on FWABs is not tracked separately from data on regular UOCAVA absentee ballots.
- [7] Registrars may transmit multiple ballots to a single voter in some circumstances (i.e., the voter did not receive the original ballot or the original ballot is returned to the registrar as undeliverable).



- [8] Minnesota only accepts UOCAVA ballots returned via mail.
- [9] The number of UOCAVA ballots issued may exceed the number of registered UOCAVA voters due to replacement ballots being issued.
- [10] There are circumstances under which a UOCAVA voter registered in New York may have been transmitted more than one ballot or may return more than one ballot (for instance, some county boards mail a ballot to every UOCAVA voter, regardless of their transmission preference, so voters who already received their ballot electronically, completed, and returned it may subsequently receive a physical ballot in the mail). Additional data collected by New York State Board of Elections has shown that more than 1,700 UOCAVA voters returned multiple ballots, although the data does not report how many ballots each of these voters returned.
- [11] Due to the Northern Mariana Islands not being covered under UOCAVA, data on UOCAVA voting is not available from this territory.
- [12] Oregon statute requires ballots to be mailed to voters.
- [13] According to Rhode Island general law, all UOCAVA mail ballots are consolidated into one mail ballot category.
- [14] Data on FWABs are not tracked separately from data on regular UOCAVA absentee ballots. The number of UOCAVA ballots reported as counted are ballots that were received before the deadline, and the number of UOCAVA ballots reported as rejected are ballots that were returned after the deadline. No data are available on UOCAVA ballots that may have been challenged or were not counted for other reasons.
- [15] West Virginia reports a UOCAVA ballot count rate of more than 100% primarily because two counties did not report data on ballots returned but reported data on ballots counted.
- [16] UOCAVA ballots must be returned by mail.

